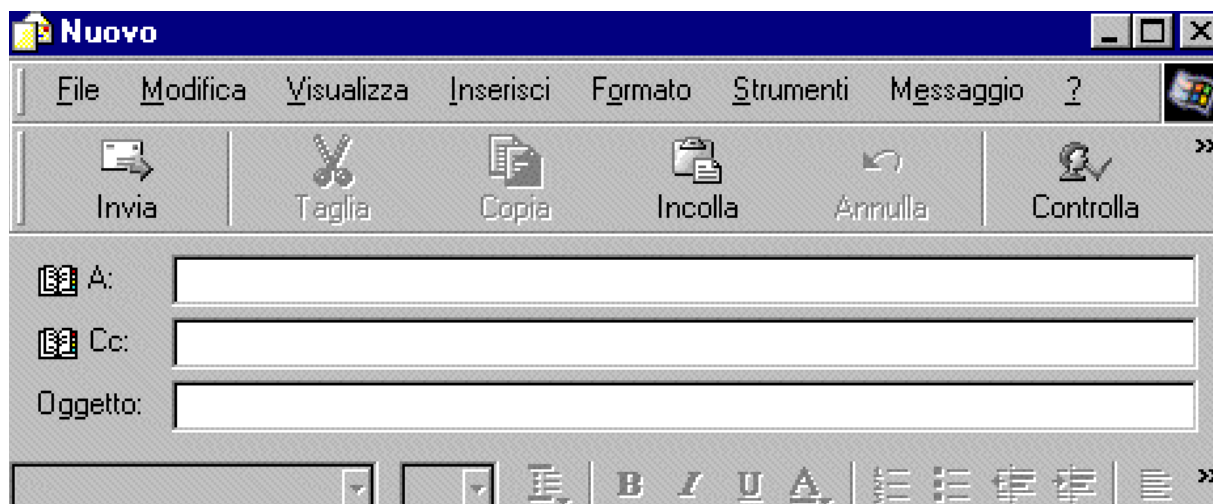


## Primo Livello - Primo Periodo Didattico UDA 2

- **Competenze:** Utilizzare la lingua inglese per i principali scopi comunicativi, riferiti ad aspetti del proprio vissuto e del proprio ambiente
- **Tempo previsto:** 2 ore
- **Docente:** Daniela Bruno

### 1. Read Ali's e-mail and answer to the questions Leggi la e-mail di Ali e rispondi alle domande



Hello! My name is Ali and I'm 36. I've got a good job. I'm a shop assistant at Besco, a very big supermarket.  
I like pop music and I've got a guitar.  
I've got a big family: three brothers and a big sister, Nahira. She's married and has got three children. They are at middle school and are very good students. I have got another hobby: I like going to the cinema.  
I've got Instagram, so I've got a lot of friends.  
What about you?

1. What's his name? \_\_\_\_\_
2. Has he got a good job? \_\_\_\_\_
3. What musical instrument has he got? \_\_\_\_\_
4. Has he got a small family? \_\_\_\_\_
5. How many (quanti) brothers and sisters has he got? \_\_\_\_\_
6. Has he got many (molti) friends? \_\_\_\_\_

**2. Read the sentences and say if they are true or false**  
**Leggi le frasi e dici se sono vere o false**

	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>	
1. Ali is twenty-six	( )	( )	
2. He's got a good job	( )	( )	
3. Ali is a mechanic	( )	( )	
4. He's got a violin	( )	( )	
5. He's got three brothers and a sister	( )	( )	
6. Nahira hasn't got any children.	( )	( )	
7. Ali's got Facebook	( )	( )	
8. Ali has got many friends	( )	( )	_____/ 8

**3. Answer to the personal questions with a short answer**  
**Rispondi alle domande personali con una risposta breve**

**Ex. Es.: Have you got a book? Yes, I have oppure No, I haven't/No, I have not**

1. Have you got a computer? \_\_\_\_\_
2. Have you got a bicycle? \_\_\_\_\_
3. Have you got a mobile phone? \_\_\_\_\_
4. Have you got brothers or sisters? \_\_\_\_\_ / 4

**4. Complete the sentences with the correct form of have got**  
**Completa le frasi con la corretta forma di have got:**

**Ex. Es.: She has got a car**

1. What \_\_\_\_\_ you got in your bag?
2. What homework \_\_\_\_\_ we got?
3. Nick \_\_\_\_\_ got a mobile phone
4. \_\_\_\_\_ Molly and Martha got their books? \_\_\_\_\_ / 4

**5. Translate the sentences into English**  
**Traduci le frasi in Inglese**

**Ex. Es.: Fahrouk ha una macchina - Fahrouk has got a car**  
**oppure Fahrouk's got a car**

- a. Io ho una sorella. \_\_\_\_\_
- b. Ahmad e Jabel non hanno i libri. \_\_\_\_\_
- c. Hai il passaporto? Sì! \_\_\_\_\_
- d. Ali e Shabir hanno una grande famiglia. \_\_\_\_\_

## 6. Translate the sentences into Italian

Traduci le frasi in Italiano

Esempio: *Fahrouk and Jamila have got two children* -

*Fahrouk e Jamila hanno due figli*

- a. I've got a headache. \_\_\_\_\_
- b. Has Fatma got a car? \_\_\_\_\_
- c. They have got a big house. \_\_\_\_\_
- d. Have you got a computer? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_/16

## SELF-ASSESSMENT - AUTOVALUTAZIONE

Read the solutions and evaluate your exercises

Leggi le soluzioni e valuta i tuoi esercizi

### Solutions - Soluzioni

**Ex. 1 - Es. 1 (you get 4 points for every correct answer - ottieni 4 punti per ogni risposta corretta)**

- 1) *Ali/His name is/'s Ali*
- 2) *Yes, he has*
- 3) *He's/has got a guitar*
- 4) *No, he hasn't / has not. (He's got / has got a big family)*
- 5) *He's got / has got three brothers and a sister*
- 6) *Yes, he has*

**Ex. 2 - Es. 2 (you get 1 point for every correct answer - ottieni 1 punto per ogni risposta corretta)**

1. F - 2. T - 3. F - 4. F - 5. T - 6. F - 7. F - 8. T

**Ex. 3 - Es. 3 (you get 1 point for every correct answer - ottieni 1 punto per ogni risposta corretta)**

*Personal answers (risposte personali): Yes I have / No, I haven't / have not*

**Ex. 4 - Es. 4 (you get 1 point for every correct answer - ottieni 1 punto per ogni risposta corretta)**

1. *have* - 2. *have* - 3. *'s/has* - 4. *Have*

**Ex 5 - Es 5 (you get 4 points for every correct answer - ottieni 4 punti per ogni risposta corretta)**

- 1) *I've got / have got a sister*
- 2) *Ahmad and Jabel haven't got / have not got any books*
- 3) *Have you got your passport? Yes, I have*
- 4) *Ali and Shabir have got a big family*

**Ex 6 - Es 6 (you get 4 points for every correct answer - ottieni 4 punti per ogni risposta corretta)**

- 1) *(Io) ho mal di testa.*
- 2) *Fatma ha una macchina?*
- 3) *(Loro) hanno una grande casa / casa grande*
- 4) *(Tu) hai un computer?*

**TOTAL/ TOTALE \_\_\_\_\_ / 72**

**Self-Assessment - Autovalutazione**

Less than 46 points: **not sufficient** - meno di 46 punti: **non sufficiente**

<b>POINTS - PUNTI</b>	<b>MARK - VOTO</b>
<b>47-52</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>53-58</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>59-64</b>	<b>8</b>
<b>65-69</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>70-72</b>	<b>10</b>

## GRAMMAR - GRAMMATICA

### Verbo “*have got*” - tempo presente

Il verbo **to have** (avere) si usa spesso con il rafforzativo **got** per indicare possesso.

Insieme al rafforzativo **got**, si può usare soltanto al presente.

Il rafforzativo **got** non si usa nelle risposte brevi.

Forma affermativa Affirmative form	
I	have got
you	have got
he/she/it	has got
we	have got
you	have got
they	have got

Esempio: *I have got a computer* (io ho un computer)

Forma affermativa contratta Contracted affirmative form	
I	ve got
you	've got
he/she/it	's got
we	've got
you	've got
they	've got

Esempio: *I 've got a computer* (io ho un computer)

La **forma affermativa** e la **forma affermativa contratta** hanno lo stesso significato.

Forma negativa Negative form	
I	have not got
you	have not got
he/she/it	has not got
we	have not got
you	have not got
they	have not got

Esempio: *I have not got a computer* (io non ho un computer)

Forma negativa contratta Contracted negative form	
I	haven't got
you	haven't got
he/she/it	hasn't got
we	haven't got
you	haven't got
they	haven't got

Esempio: *I haven't got a computer* (io non ho un computer)

La forma **negativa** e la forma **negativa contratta** hanno lo stesso significato.

Forma interrogativa Interrogative form		
Have	I	got...?
Have	you	got...?
Has	he/she/it	got...?
Have	we	got...?
Have	you	got...?
Have	they	got...?

Esempio: *have you got a computer?* (hai un computer?)

Risposte brevi Short answers	
Yes, I have	No, I haven't (have not)
Yes, you have	No, you haven't (have not)
Yes, he/she/it has	No, he/she/it hasn't (has not )
Yes, we have	No, we haven't (have not)
Yes, you have	No, you haven't (have not)
Yes, they have	No, they haven't (have not)

Le risposte brevi si traducono in italiano semplicemente con **si** e **no**

Esempio: *have you got a computer (hai un computer)? Yes, I have (Sì)*  
*No, I haven't/have not (No)*